

Kid-Invented Fresh Vegetable Spring Rolls+Sweet Chili Dipping Sauce+Refreshing Mint Tea

By Erin Fletter

Prep Time 35 / Cook Time 5 / Serves 4 - 6

Shopping List

- □ FRESH
- \Box 1/2 purple or green cabbage OR 2 C shredded coleslaw mix
- \Box 1/2 head iceberg lettuce
- \Box 1 cucumber
- \Box 1/2 C fresh bean sprouts OR 1 can bamboo shoots OR 1 can water chestnuts
- \Box 3 green onions
- □ 2 large carrots
- \Box 1 avocado
- \Box 1 ripe mango OR 1 pint blueberries OR 1 green or red apple
- \Box 1 bunch fresh mint
- \Box 1 handful fresh cilantro
- \Box 1-inch piece fresh ginger OR 1/4 tsp dried ginger
- \Box 1 garlic clove
- \Box 1 lime
- □ PANTRY
- \Box 1 tsp salt
- \Box 1 C granulated sugar

□ 1 package rice paper wrappers, 2 to 3 per kid chef (found at grocery stores in the Asian food aisle)

 \Box 1/2 C rice vinegar

 \Box 2 tsp ketchup

□ 2 tsp cornstarch

□ optional: 1 teeny tiny pinch chili flakes (2 or 3 flakes at the most!)

□ HAVE ON HAND

 \Box 2 3/4 C water + more to dip rice paper wrappers

 \Box 2 C ice

Fun-Da-Mentals Kitchen Skills

chop: to cut something into small, rough pieces using a blade.

grate: to reduce food, like a carrot, to very small shreds or pieces of the same size by rubbing it on a tool with an outside surface that has holes with cutting edges (a grater).

julienne: to cut fruits or vegetables into short, thin, matchstick-like strips.

knife skills: Bear Claw (growl), Pinch, Plank, and Bridge (look out for trolls).

tear: to pull or rip apart a food, like basil leaves, into pieces instead of cutting with a knife; cutting breaks cell walls more, so herbs can discolor faster.

wrap: to encase a food filling with an edible outer package (wrapping), like lettuce, pita, rice paper, seaweed, or tortilla; the wrapped food may also be called a wrap.

grate: to reduce food, like a carrot, to very small shreds or pieces of the same size by rubbing it on a tool with an outside surface that has holes with cutting edges (a grater).

mince: to chop into teeny tiny pieces.

peel: to remove the skin or rind from something using your hands or a metal tool.

simmer: to cook a food gently, usually in a liquid, until softened.

thicken: to make a liquid mixture thicker by adding a thickening agent, like flour, cornstarch, or arrowroot powder, or by reducing the amount of liquid through boiling.

grate: to reduce food, like a carrot, to very small shreds or pieces of the same size by rubbing it on a tool with an outside surface that has holes with cutting edges (a grater).

juice: to extract or squeeze out the juice of a fruit or vegetable, like a lemon, orange, or carrot, often cutting open or peeling the fruit or veggie first to access its flesh.

peel: to remove the skin or rind from something using your hands or a metal tool.

tear: to pull or rip apart a food, like basil leaves, into pieces instead of cutting with a knife; cutting breaks cell walls more, so herbs can discolor faster.

Equipment

- \Box Small bowls to hold the veggies
- \Box Grater (or food processor)
- \Box Cutting board
- □ Kid-safe knife
- \Box Dry measuring cups
- \Box Large mixing bowl
- □ Medium skillet or saucepan
- □ Spoon (to peel ginger)
- □ Zester (or grater with small zesting plate/side)
- \Box Liquid measuring cup
- \Box Measuring spoons
- \Box Wooden spoon
- □ Small bowl
- □ Blender (or pitcher + immersion blender)
- □ Grater
- □ Citrus squeezer (optional)
- \Box Strainer (optional)

Ingredients

Kid-Invented Fresh Vegetable Spring Rolls

- \square 1/2 purple or green cabbage OR 2 C shredded coleslaw mix
- \Box 1/2 head iceberg lettuce
- \Box 1/2 cucumber
- \Box 2 large carrots

- \Box 1/2 C fresh bean sprouts OR 1 can bamboo shoots OR 1 can water chestnuts
- \Box 3 green onions
- \Box 1 avocado
- \Box 1 ripe mango OR 1 pint blueberries OR 1 green or red apple
- \Box 1 tsp salt
- \Box 1 tsp granulated sugar
- \Box 1 handful fresh mint leaves
- \Box 1 handful fresh cilantro leaves
- \Box 1 pkg rice paper wrappers, 2 to 3 per kid chef
- Sweet Chili Dipping Sauce
- \Box 1 inch piece fresh ginger OR 1/4 tsp dried ginger
- \Box 1 garlic clove
- \Box 1/2 C rice vinegar
- \square 1/2 C water
- \Box 1/3 C sugar
- □ 2 tsp ketchup

□ optional: 1 teeny tiny pinch chili flakes (2 or 3 flakes at the most!) **(Omit for NIGHTSHADE ALLERGY)**

 \Box 2 tsp cornstarch + 2 tsp cold water

Refreshing Mint Tea

- \Box 1/2 cucumber
- \Box 6 mint leaves
- \square 1/2 C granulated sugar
- \Box 2 C water
- \Box 1 lime
- \Box 2 C ice

Food Allergen Substitutions

Kid-Invented Fresh Vegetable Spring Rolls

Sweet Chili Dipping Sauce

Nightshade: Omit optional chili flakes.

Refreshing Mint Tea

Instructions

Kid-Invented Fresh Vegetable Spring Rolls

intro

Kids will use all kinds of knife skills to prepare a bunch of colorful raw vegetables, wrapping them in softened rice paper and dipping them in a delicious sweet chili sauce.

grate + chop + julienne

With adult supervision, kids grate or chop **1/2 cup cabbage** and **1/2 head lettuce**, then grate **1/2 cucumber** and **2 carrots**. Older kids might enjoy the challenge of slicing their carrots and cucumber into thin coins, then cutting each coin into julienne shapes (short, thin matchsticks)!

chop + slice

Chop **1/2 cup fresh bean sprouts**. Slice **3 green onions** into long, thin pieces. Adults, slice **1 avocado** and **1 mango** around the pit and have kids peel and slice them into thin pieces.

sprinkle + tear

Sprinkle 1 tsp salt and 1 tsp sugar on the prepared fruit and veggies. Tear 1 handful of mint leaves and 1 handful of cilantro leaves from their stems.

set up

Set up a clean cutting board, a large mixing bowl with water, **1 package of rice paper wrappers**, and the fruit and veggie fillings.

fill + wrap

Kids can begin filling and wrapping their spring rolls, or they can first watch adults make one. Dip 1 rice paper wrapper in water for about 10 to 15 seconds—it doesn't take long to soften and will soften more as you add the fillings. Then, place it on a clean cutting board. Add 2 tablespoons of filling just above the bottom corner of the wrapper. Roll from the bottom corner until the filling is contained. Then fold over the sides toward the middle and continue rolling to the top! Have kids continue filling and wrapping until all the spring rolls are made. They will all look a little different, which is okay! Enjoy with **Sweet Chili Dipping Sauce**!

Sweet Chili Dipping Sauce

peel + grate

Use the back of a plastic or metal spoon to carefully peel a **1** inch piece of ginger. Adults: Carefully use a zester or grater with a zesting side to grate the ginger (should give you about 1 tsp of grated ginger).

peel + smash + mince

Peel, smash, and mince **1** garlic clove.

stir + simmer

Add **1/2 cup vinegar** and **1/2 cup water** to a medium skillet or saucepan. Bring to a boil and stir in **1/3 cup sugar**, **2 teaspoons ketchup**, the grated ginger, minced garlic, and **2 to 3 red pepper flakes** if using (any more than that and your chili sauce will be very spicy!). Simmer for 3 minutes.

scrumptious science

Cornstarch will thicken sauces when heated. What happens when liquid heats? Its molecules start moving around rapidly. You can see this when water boils. Cornstarch granules bump into and disrupt each other, allowing them to absorb liquid from their surroundings. When the cornstarch absorbs the liquid, it changes the structure of the sauce, thickening it.

stir + thicken

Stir **2 teaspoons of cornstarch** into **2 teaspoons of water**. Add the cornstarch slurry to the skillet and stir over low heat until the sauce thickens. Remove the sauce from the heat, pour it into a small bowl, and let cool. Serve with **Kid-Invented Fresh Vegetable Spring Rolls**!

Refreshing Mint Tea

peel + grate

Peel and grate **1/2 cucumber**. Add the grated cucumber to your blender.

tear + measure + add

Tear 6 mint leaves and measure 1/2 cup sugar and 2 cups water and add them to the blender.

wash + slice + juice

Wash and slice **1 lime** in half and squeeze its juice into the blender. Blend until the cucumber and mint are very small. If you have time, strain the drink to catch extra pieces of cucumber. Add **2 cups of ice**, stir, and pour into cups. "Ganbei" (GHAN-bay) or "Cheers" in Chinese!

Featured Ingredient: Mint!

Hi! I'm Mint!

"I'm a green herb with a sweet, cool taste and pleasant aroma. You may have tasted me in gum and toothpaste, but my favorite is mint chocolate chip ice cream!"

History & Etymology

With its fresh scent hard to miss, mint was undoubtedly one of the earliest herbs discovered. It has been found in Egyptian tombs dating back to 1,000 BCE and has been part of Chinese medicine even longer. Ancient Romans and Greeks used mint to flavor cordials and fruit compotes, as well as for baths and perfumes.

Mexicans call mint "yerba buena" or "good herb."

The United States produces over 70 percent of the world's peppermint and spearmint. The word "mint" comes from the Old English "minte," from German "minze," from the Greek "minthē."

Anatomy

The mint plant is from the Mentha genus. It is an aromatic perennial herb. The plants can grow 4 to 48 inches tall and have runners below and above ground that can spread.

There are 18 to 24 species of mint currently recognized. Other mints are natural hybrids and cultivated hybrids. Some herbs with "mint" names, like cat mint (catnip), are not part of the Mentha genus. Spearmint (Mentha spicata) is also known as common garden mint. Peppermint (Mentha × piperita) is a natural hybrid cross between spearmint and watermint (Mentha aquatica).

How to Pick, Buy, & Use

Mint is easy to grow at home or can be purchased at the grocery store. You can keep a bunch of fresh mint in a glass of water for up to two days.

Mint is harvested for its leaves, fresh or dried, for many culinary uses to add a cool, refreshing flavor. Foods that mint is added to include beverages, candies, ice cream, jellies, meat dishes, sauces, syrups, and teas.

Mint essential oil and menthol are added as flavoring to breath fresheners, candy, chocolate, drinks, gums, and toothpaste. It can also be used for aromatherapy.

Mint pairs well with these foods: asparagus, beans, carrots, cucumbers, eggplant, peas, potatoes, tomatoes, and yogurt. You can combine mint with these herbs and spices: basil, clove, cumin, dill, ginger, oregano, parsley, and thyme.

Although mint has some health benefits, it is best to eat it in moderation.

Mint has small amounts of vitamins A and C, along with the minerals calcium and iron.

Mint may aid in digestion, but if you have gastroesophageal reflux disease (GERD), it may aggravate symptoms.