

Nice "Nimbu Pani" Lemonade for One

By Jacy Shoener

Prep Time 5 / **Cook Time** 1 / **Serves** 1 - 1

Fun-Da-Mentals Kitchen Skills

chill: to cool, not freeze, food or drink by putting it on ice or in a refrigerator.

juice: to extract or squeeze out the juice of a fruit or vegetable, like a lemon, orange, or carrot, often cutting open or peeling the fruit or veggie first to access its flesh.

microwave: to heat or cook food or liquid quickly in a microwave oven, which uses high-frequency electromagnetic waves to generate heat in the food's water molecules.

Equipment

□ Microwave	
☐ Microwave-safe mug	
□ Potholder	
□ Cutting board	
□ Kid-safe knife	
□ Citrus squeezer (optional)	
☐ Measuring spoons	
□ Liquid measuring cup	
□ Spoon for stirring	
□ Paper towel	

Ingredients

Nice "Nimbu Pani" Lemonade for One

\square 1/2 lemon, juiced
☐ 3 to 4 mint leaves
\square 1 to 2 tsp granulated sugar
\square 1 pinch ground cumin
\square 1 pinch salt
\square 1 C cold water
□ 1 to 2 ice cubes

Food Allergen Substitutions

Nice "Nimbu Pani" Lemonade for One

Instructions

Nice "Nimbu Pani" Lemonade for One

slice + juice

Slice **1 lemon** in half. Squeeze the juice of **1/2 lemon** into a microwave-safe mug.

tear or mince

Tear **3 to 4 mint leaves** into the smallest pieces you can, or mince them with a knife. Add them to the mug.

measure + mix + microwave

Measure and add **1 to 2 teaspoons of sugar**, **1 pinch of cumin**, and **1 pinch of salt** to the mug. Mix well to combine. Cover with a damp paper towel and microwave for 30 seconds on high.

measure + stir

Measure and add 1 cup cold water and 1 to 2 ice cubes to the mug. Stir to combine.

chill

Place the mug in the refrigerator to cool. Serve with an Indian dish like **Scrumptious Spiced Lentils** with Mighty Mint Yogurt.

Featured Ingredient: Mint!

Hi! I'm Mint!

"I'm a green herb with a sweet, cool taste and pleasant aroma. You may have tasted me in gum and toothpaste, but my favorite is mint chocolate chip ice cream!"

History & Etymology

With its fresh scent hard to miss, mint was undoubtedly one of the earliest herbs discovered. It has been found in Egyptian tombs dating back to 1,000 BCE and has been part of Chinese medicine even longer. Ancient Romans and Greeks used mint to flavor cordials and fruit compotes, as well as for baths and perfumes.

Mexicans call mint "yerba buena" or "good herb."

The United States produces over 70 percent of the world's peppermint and spearmint.

The word "mint" comes from the Old English "minte," from German "minze," from the Greek "minthē."

Anatomy

The mint plant is from the Mentha genus. It is an aromatic perennial herb. The plants can grow 4 to 48 inches tall and have runners below and above ground that can spread.

There are 18 to 24 species of mint currently recognized. Other mints are natural hybrids and cultivated hybrids. Some herbs with "mint" names, like cat mint (catnip), are not part of the Mentha genus. Spearmint (Mentha spicata) is also known as common garden mint. Peppermint (Mentha × piperita) is a natural hybrid cross between spearmint and watermint (Mentha aquatica).

How to Pick, Buy, & Use

Mint is easy to grow at home or can be purchased at the grocery store. You can keep a bunch of fresh mint in a glass of water for up to two days.

Mint is harvested for its leaves, fresh or dried, for many culinary uses to add a cool, refreshing flavor. Foods that mint is added to include beverages, candies, ice cream, jellies, meat dishes, sauces, syrups, and teas.

Mint essential oil and menthol are added as flavoring to breath fresheners, candy, chocolate, drinks, gums, and toothpaste. It can also be used for aromatherapy.

Mint pairs well with these foods: asparagus, beans, carrots, cucumbers, eggplant, peas, potatoes, tomatoes, and yogurt. You can combine mint with these herbs and spices: basil, clove, cumin, dill, ginger, oregano, parsley, and thyme.

Nutrition

Although mint has some health benefits, it is best to eat it in moderation.

Mint has small amounts of vitamins A and C, along with the minerals calcium and iron.

Mint may aid in digestion, but if you have gastroesophageal reflux disease (GERD), it may aggravate symptoms.