

Savory Swirled Baked Pizza Buns

By Dylan Sabuco

Prep Time 20 / Cook Time 15 / Serves 4 - 6

Fun-Da-Mentals Kitchen Skills

bake: to cook food with dry heat, as in an oven.

chop: to cut something into small, rough pieces using a blade.

knead: to work dough by pushing, pulling, and folding it by hand or with a stand mixer.

measure: to calculate the specific amount of an ingredient required using a measuring tool (like measuring cups or spoons).

roll: to use a rolling pin to flatten dough; use your hands to form a roll or ball shape; or move a round food, like a grape or a meatball, through another food, like sugar or breadcrumbs, to coat it.

Equipment

- 🗆 Oven
- \Box Muffin pan
- □ Large mixing bowl
- □ Measuring spoons
- \Box Liquid measuring cup
- \Box Dry measuring cups
- \Box Wooden spoon
- \Box Cutting board
- □ Kid-safe knife

□ Rolling pin, clean plastic bottle, or sturdy drinking glass (optional)

Ingredients

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 \Box 2 C all-purpose flour + extra for dusting **(for GLUTEN ALLERGY sub gluten-free/nut-free all-purpose flour)**

- \Box 2 tsp or 1 packet dry active yeast (instant yeast also works)
- \Box 2 T granulated sugar or honey
- \Box 3/4 C water
- \Box 2 tsp salt

 \Box 1 C grated mozzarella or Swiss cheese **(for DAIRY ALLERGY sub dairy-free/nut-free cheese, preferably a white cheese variety)**

- \Box 1 C No-Cook Marinara Sauce
- \Box 2 T vegetable oil **
- □ Roll-ins—choose 2 or 3: **(Omit any options below if allergies present)**
- □ 1 C plant-based, meatless pepperoni
- \Box 1 bell pepper (any color)
- □ 1 C mushrooms
- □ 1 C cherry tomatoes
- \Box 1 eggplant
- \Box 1 zucchini
- □ 2 T Italian seasoning
- □ 1 C ricotta cheese
- \Box 1 handful of basil

Food Allergen Substitutions

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Gluten/Wheat: Substitute gluten-free/nut-free all-purpose flour.

Dairy: Substitute dairy-free/nut-free cheese, preferably a white cheese variety. Omit ricotta cheese roll-in option.

Soy: Substitute canola oil or other nut-free high-smoking point oil for vegetable oil.

Instructions

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intro

"Benvenuti" (Ben-veh-NOO-tee) or "Welcome" in Italian! This recipe is inspired by one of the most famous foods ever: Pizza! Typically, original Italian pizza is a simple combination of yeast-risen dough, tomato sauce, cheese, basil, and meats baked until the cheese is bubbling and the disk of dough is crisp. This Sticky Fingers Cooking® version is a little more silly. We will lay all our ingredients onto the dough disk, then roll, roll, roll. You can use a rolling pin to roll out the dough, a clean plastic bottle, or a sturdy drinking glass. The rolled dough will be baked in a muffin pan until it almost rises all the way out of the pan. The resulting Savory Swirled Pizza Bun looks like a cinnamon roll in shape, but it's filled with bubbling cheese and savory pizza toppings instead of cinnamon and sugar. "Buon appetito" (Bwohn ap-peh-TEE-toe) or "Enjoy your meal" in Italian!

measure + stir

In a large bowl, measure and add **2 teaspoons or 1 packet of dry yeast**, **2 tablespoons sugar or honey**, and **3/4 cup water**. Stir the ingredients gently to combine. Let the mixture rest for 5 minutes. The yeast needs some time to eat the sugar and release CO2.

scrumptious science

Even though yeast looks like large grains of sand, it is actually a living organism. Yeast is a label broadly used to describe about 1,500 different kinds of fungi. This means that yeast makes up about one percent of the fungus you could come across in the world. The type we are using today is called active dry yeast. It means that the yeast is alive but sleeping in its container. To "wake up" the yeast, you will need to feed it its favorite breakfast: sugar! Once the yeast begins eating the sugar, it creates a byproduct: carbon dioxide. (I like to think of the yeast as burping little, itty bitty burps from eating the sugar too fast!) This carbon dioxide will later be trapped inside the pizza dough you are creating in this recipe, which is super important for making a light, fluffy texture.

measure + stir

In the bowl with the yeast, measure and add **2 cups flour** and **2 teaspoons salt**. Stir with a wooden spoon until a ball of dough forms. Dust the dough with a small amount of flour. Set aside.

chop + knead

Chop, measure, and prepare all the topping ingredients you purchased. All of the ingredients need to be cut into a large dice or smaller to fit into the pizza buns. Knead the ball of dough for 2 to 3 minutes or until springy in texture.

divide + roll

Divide the dough into 12 pieces. Flatten each piece of dough until you have 12 flat oval-shaped disks of dough. Then, add roughly **1 to 2 teaspoons of the toppings**, **1 to 2 teaspoons of No Cook**

Marinara Sauce, and **a sprinkle of cheese** to each disk. Finally, roll them up from one end to the other. The tighter you roll the dough the better your pizza bun will turn out.

preheat + bake

Preheat your oven to 375 F. Drizzle **2 tablespoons of vegetable oil** into the wells of a muffin pan, divided evenly. Then, place each rolled pizza bun into the oiled wells of the muffin pan. Slide the pan into the oven and bake for 15 to 18 minutes or until the buns are golden brown and puffed.

cool + devour

Remove the pizza buns from the oven and allow them to cool for a few minutes. Practice some Italian counting while you wait! 1 uno (OO-noh), 2 due (DOO-eh), 3 tre (treh), 4 quattro (KWAHT-troh), 5 cinque (CHEEN-kweh), 6 sei (SEH-ee), 7 sette (SET-teh), 8 otto (OHT-toh), 9 nove (NOH-veh), 10 dieci (dee-EH-chee). Once the pizza buns are cooled down, serve each bun with any extra marinara sauce and toppings on the side. "Cin cin" (Chin chin) or "Cheers" in Italian!

Featured Ingredient: Baker's Yeast!

Hi! I'm Baker's Yeast!

"Did you know that I'm a living organism? If you add baker's yeast to dough, it will cause your bread, cinnamon rolls, doughnuts, and more to rise up! Just add me to warm water with a little sugar (which I love to eat) and wait at least five minutes until I burp some gas bubbles (excuse me!) and get foamy at the top before adding me to your flour and other ingredients!"

Yeasts are single-celled, microscopic members of the fungus kingdom. Baker's yeast is from the species Saccharomyces cerevisiae. It is the strain of yeast used to leaven (or raise) bread and other types of dough. It is also used in beer and winemaking.

There are several varieties of baker's yeast: active dry yeast, compressed yeast, cream yeast, deactivated yeast, instant yeast, and rapid-rise yeast. Home bakers and Sticky Fingers Cooking chef instructors generally use active dry yeast, instant yeast, or rapid-rise yeast when baking.

Active dry yeast must be activated by adding a warm liquid, like water or milk. Its granules are larger than the other dry yeasts, instant and rapid-rise, which do not have to be rehydrated (or proofed).

The word "yeast" comes from the Old English "gist," of Germanic origin, from an Indo-European root "yes-," meaning to "boil," "foam," or "bubble."

Baker's yeast has some protein, fiber, B vitamins, and potassium; however, the amount you would get from a packet of active dry yeast distributed throughout a dough would be minimal.

Nutritional yeast, a deactivated yeast, contains more protein, fiber, B vitamins, and potassium than active dry yeast. People who eat a vegan or vegetarian diet often add nutritional yeast to foods to supplement these nutrients and add a nutty or cheesy flavor to foods.